

Developing a Cloud Computing Based Approach for Forensic Analysis using OCR

Matthias Trojahn, Volkswagen AG, Germany Lei Pan, Deakin University, School of IT, Australia Fabian Schmidt, ISC Gebhardt, Germany



Outline

- 1. Motivation
- 2. Background
- 3. Developing a Cloud-based Framework
- 4. Implementing Our System
- 5. Conclusion





Motivation

- Digital forensic tools to extract information
- Criminals: Information hiding in files
- Embedding screenshot of text in PDF files



This text could be extracted!

Page 3



Processing different file types













Plain text

Plain text of the file

Plain text of the file

nothing

MPEG



of the file

nothing

With OCR

Text and images of the file

Text and images of the file

Plain text of the file

Information of the picture

nothing

Advantage Optical Character Recognition (OCR)

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- Embedded in standalone tools like FTK (with Version 3.1)
- Performance is the bottleneck
- Problems with system scalability

Matthias Trojahn, Lei Pan, Fabian Schmidt

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Our aims

- 1) Cloud-based approach to perform OCR jobs for forensic purposes;
- 2) Clearly defined communication protocol between the job controller and each virtual machine;
- 3) Analytical solution for setting up multiple virtual machines



Challenges

- 1) Most cloud-based systems do not naturally support OCR
- 2) Standard operating systems available on cloud are unnecessarily large
- 3) Current cloud-based solutions lack a centralized management tool to organize the jobs

Deriving the number of virtual machines

Probability of each incoming job is delayed

 $P_{d} = \frac{P_{0}(m\rho)^{m}}{m!(1-\rho)}$ with $P_{0} = \left[\sum_{k=0}^{m-1} \frac{(m\rho)^{k}}{k!} + \frac{(m\rho)^{m}}{m!(1-\rho)}\right]^{-1}$

Time to complete a job

$$T = \frac{P_d}{m\mu - \lambda} + \frac{1}{\mu}$$

p: utilization rate $\rho = \frac{\lambda}{m\mu} < 1$ m: number of VMs μ : average engaging rate of each VM λ : average incoming rate of each job

Example for the calculation

Convert 10 pages in 100 seconds

 $\mu = 10/100 = 0.1$

Process 12 pages per minute

 $\lambda = 12/60 = 0.2$

Probability of delay (for three VMs)

P_d = 0.2353

<u>Result:</u>

T = 12.353 sec \rightarrow Processing 17,280 PDF pages per day

Why processing the whole page?

• No context information get lost

Implementing Our System - Architecture



VOLKSWAGEN

Implementing Our System

Forensic tool

Please upload a pdf file or a zip-file

select

Start to compute

Currently working processes

id	hash	status	download
1	zna7M	finished	download
2	KwcN1	finished	download
3	BFUQe	running	-
4	RXjRD	running	-
5	XpTz9	running	-
6	n94gl	running	-
7	8fklZ	not started	-

ImageMagick

"convert -sharpen 2 -type Grayscale" + density
+ "-units PixelsPerInch - depth 8" + input + " "
+ tempfile + "%d.tif"

Tesseract (for all files)

"tesseract " + file + str(i) + ".txt >>"+output



Conclusion

- Proposed a cloud based system for forensic analysis (open-source)
- Scalable system (cloud based system using virtual machines)
- Framework improves scalability, performance, flexibility and upgradability
- Future studies on breaking
 CAPTCHA by using our OCR





Thank you for your attention!



Contact:

Matthias Trojahn

Matthias.Trojahn@volkswagen.de

+49 1520 1658545



Developing a waiting policy

• All pages have to be processed before showing

Probability of saturation the system with s jobs:

$$P_{S} = \frac{\left(1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right) \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^{S}}{1 - \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^{S+1}} = 0.0009837$$
 S=5

Number of blocked jobs:

$$N = \sum_{k=0}^{S} k P_{k} = \frac{\frac{\lambda}{\mu}}{1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}} - \frac{\frac{\lambda}{\mu}}{1 - \frac{\lambda}{\mu}} (S+1) P_{S} = 0.6615$$

Time that a job spends in the system:

 $T = \frac{N}{\lambda(1-P_S)} = 3.3105$ sec



More jobs then machines

 $m\mu P_k = \lambda P_{k-1}$

$$P_{k} = \frac{\lambda}{m\mu} P_{k-1}$$

$$= \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^{k-m} \left(\frac{1}{m}\right)^{k-m} P_{m}$$

$$= \frac{(m\rho)^{k-m}}{m^{k-m}} \left(\frac{m\rho^{m}}{m!} P_{0}\right)$$

$$= \frac{m^{m}\rho^{k}}{m!} P_{0}$$

Matthias Trojahn, Lei Pan, Fabian Schmidt